



THE FEDERATION OF WOMEN ASSOCIATIONS OF TURKEY (TKDF)

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE EMERGENCY HOTLINE OCTOBER 2022 DATA AND ANALYSIS REPORT

GELEN ÇAĞRI
86.419

45.137 EV İÇİ ŞİDDET

3.642 ACIL VAKA

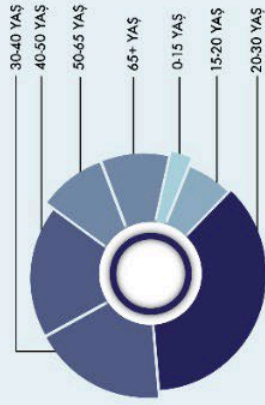
15.10.2007 - 01.11.2022

2007'DEN GÜNÜMÜZE
TÜM İLLERDEN VE 29 FARKLI ÜLKEDEN
ARAMA GELMİŞTİR.

SALDIRGAN DAĞILIMI



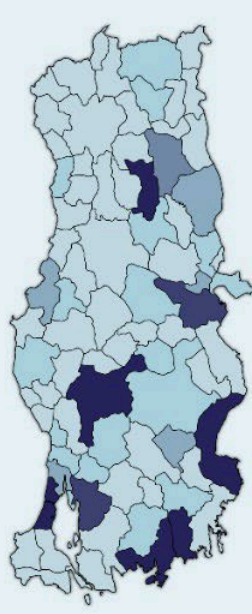
MAĞDURLARIN YAŞ DAĞILIMI



EKİM 2022

EV İÇİ ŞİDDET ACIL YARDIM HATTI

ACIL YARDIM HATTINA GELEN ARAMALARIN TÜRKİYE GENELİ DAĞILIMI



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İSTANBUL
ANKARA
İZMİR
KIBRIS

YURT DIŞI ARAMALARI
KIBRIS

MAĞDURLARIN CİNSİYET DAĞILIMI



GELEN ÇAĞRI

294

110 KAYIT AÇILAN VAKA

85 EV İÇİ ŞİDDET

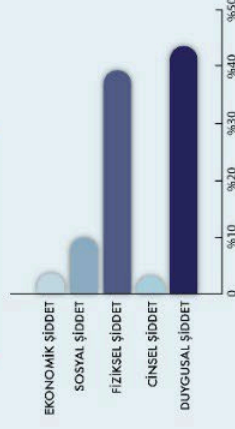
56 EŞ ŞİDDETI

19 SİĞİNMA EVİ TALEBİ

6 ACIL VAKA

01.10.2022 - 01.11.2022

ŞİDDET TÜRLERİ DAĞILIMI



Bu yayın, Etkiniz AB Programı kapsamında Avrupa Birliği finansal desteği ile üretilmiştir. Bu yayının içeriğinden yalnızca Türkiye Kadın Dernekleri Federasyonu sorumludur ve hiçbir şekilde Avrupa Birliği'nin görüşlerini yansıtmamaktadır.

The Domestic Violence Emergency Hotline, managed by the Federation of Women Associations of Turkey (TKDF), received 294 calls between October 1-31. 38 of these calls came from Istanbul. Istanbul was followed by Ankara with 16 calls and Antalya with 14 calls. Apart from these provinces, calls were received from 29 different provinces. These provinces are listed as follows: Adana:5, Amasya:1 Aydın:7, Bilecik:1, Bitlis:1, Bursa:5, Denizli:1, Diyarbakır:3, Elazığ:6, Eskişehir:1, Gaziantep:1, Hatay:1, Isparta:2, İzmir:10, Kastamonu:1 Kayseri:1, Kocaeli:2 Konya:1 Malatya:1, Manisa:1, Sakarya:1, Samsun:2, Şanlıurfa:2, Trabzon:1, Van: 1, Aksaray:1, Yalova:1, Osmaniye:2, Düzce:1.

The distribution of the calls by districts in the province of Istanbul, where the highest number of calls came, was as follows: Maltepe:3, Sultanbeyli:1, Pendik:5, Ümraniye:3, Üsküdar: 2, Arnavutköy:1, Bağcılar:2, Bahçelievler:2, Başakşehir:3 , Beşiktaş:2, Esenler: 1, Esenyurt:2, Fatih:1, Güngören:1, Kağıthane:1, Küçükçekmece: 5, Sultangazi:1, Zeytinburnu:1. The distribution of the calls between cities and districts shows that, regardless of the development level of the cities and their socioeconomic status, calls reporting violence were received from different cities and districts.

Since 15 October 2007, the total number of calls to the domestic violence hotline has been 86,419. Among these calls, reports coming from all provinces of Turkey and from many countries (Germany, France, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Netherlands, Australia, America, Syria, Switzerland, Iran, Tunisia, England, Sweden, Romania, Libya, Japan, Ukraine) , Georgia, Kenya, Canada, Kazakhstan, Greece, China, United Arab Emirates, Iraq and Cyprus). In October, three reports were received from Cyprus.

Of the 140 cases that were reported and registered to the Domestic Violence Emergency Hotline in October, 85 were domestic violence reports. 56 of these violence reports are intimate partner violence reports. 19 calls sought shelter. There were 6 cases that required urgent intervention. Legal counsel was provided to 89 calls. 49 calls were directed to the law enforcement and 21 calls were directed to bar associations. The ages of the survivors in October ranged from 15 to 73.

Calls show that the majority of the survivors of domestic violence are women (94.6%). This rate is followed by children with 4.4%.

The majority of reported violence cases are psychological and physical violence (psychological: 43.41%; physical violence: 39.53%). Apart from these types of violence, 10.08% of the calls were social violence, 3.10% were sexual violence and 3.88% were calls

reporting economic violence. It should be noted here that although it is easy to conceptually distinguish between the types of violence when analyzing, this is not so easy in real life. In most cases, many types of violence can take place together, but one or two of them stand out from the other because of their profound effects on the survivor and are voiced by them. At the same time, forms of violence other than physical violence may not be known to the survivors. In addition, even if different types of violence are known, reporting may not be considered as urgent and serious enough to seek help in that regard.

Calls to the emergency hotline show that women are most exposed to violence by the men closest to them. Reports show that violence is perpetrated by the spouses and other family members with whom women share their lives in the home, which we assume is the safest space. Spouses constitute the largest group among aggressors with 54.8%. Spouses are followed by other family members with 4.1%. Generally, family, father, elder brother, sister, daughters and sons are stated as perpetrators of violence by survivors or reporters. At the same time, women are exposed to the violence of the men they with whom they have emotional relationships without marriage. In October, the percentage of romantic partners (boyfriends) among attackers was 2.7%. 8.2% of the attackers were ex-spouses, 1.4% were ex-boyfriends and 1.4% were ex-fiancées.